Next release: June Qtr 2023 is scheduled for September 2023

SUMMARY

change since December Quarter 2022

Employment

88,529 workers

↑ 1,279 workers

Unemployment rate

4.93 %

↓ 0.75 ppts

Youth unemployment rate

10.04 %

↓ 3.35 ppts

Average hours worked

30.69 hours

↓ 27 mins

Participation rate

63.69 %

↑ 0.32 ppts

Labour force

93,123 persons

↑ 619 persons
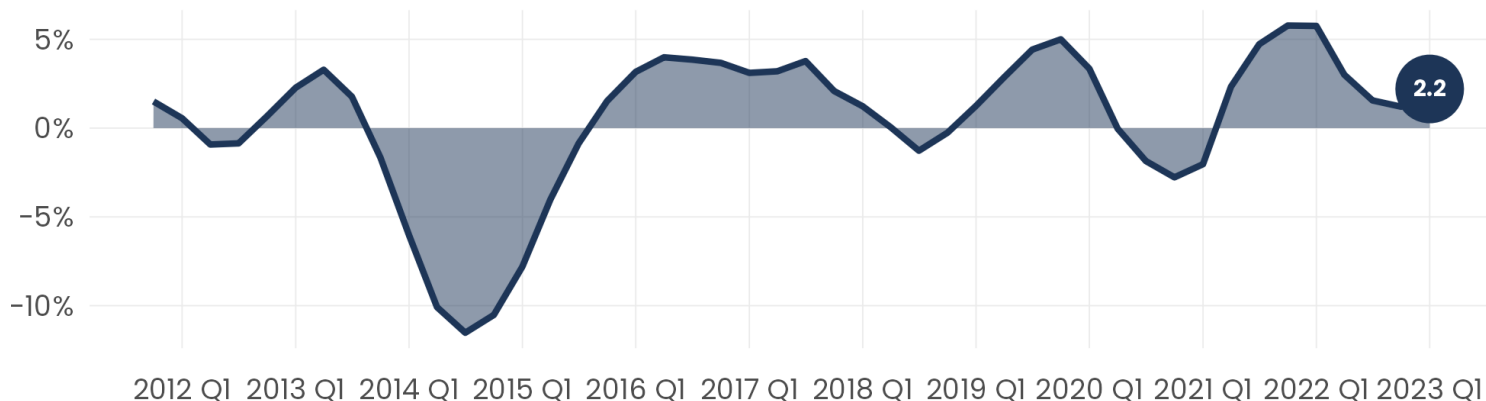
TOP INDUSTRIES

employed persons ('000s)

Health Care and Social Assistance: 16.4
Retail Trade: 9.9
Construction: 9.8
Education and Training: 7.5
Manufacturing: 6.5

GENDER TRENDS

employed **females** and **males** ('000s)

45.2

43.3

2019 Q1   2020 Q1   2021 Q1   2022 Q1   2023 Q1
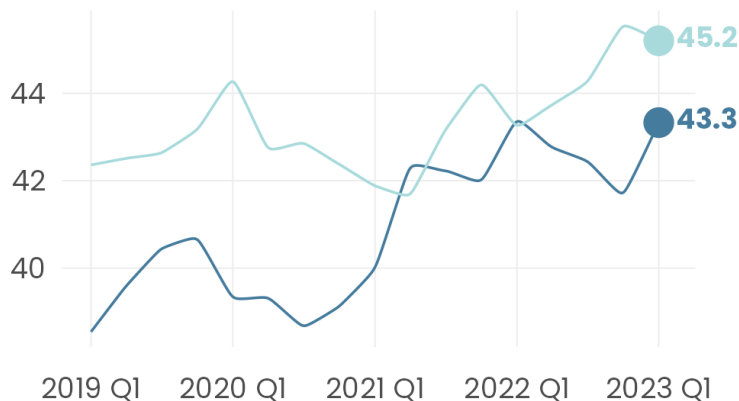
EMPLOYMENT GROWTH

rolling year on year growth (%)

2.2

2012 Q1   2013 Q1   2014 Q1   2015 Q1   2016 Q1   2017 Q1   2018 Q1   2019 Q1   2020 Q1   2021 Q1   2022 Q1   2023 Q1

AVERAGE HOURS WORKED

hours worked per week

30.7

2011 Q1   2014 Q1   2017 Q1   2020 Q1   2023 Q1
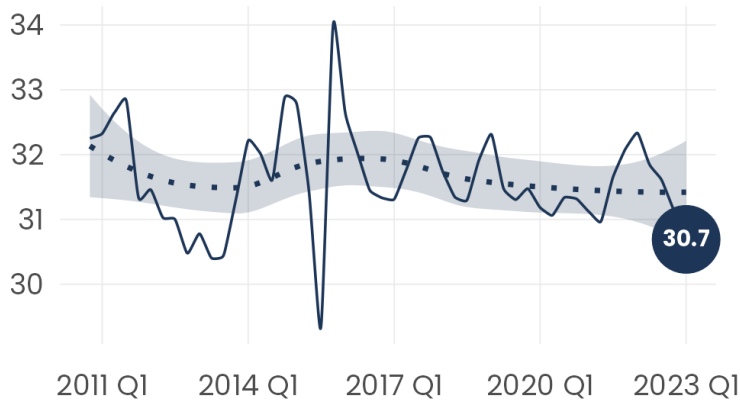
AGE TRENDS

employed **youth** and **retirement age** workers ('000s)

14.5

4.8

2019 Q1   2020 Q1   2021 Q1   2022 Q1   2023 Q1
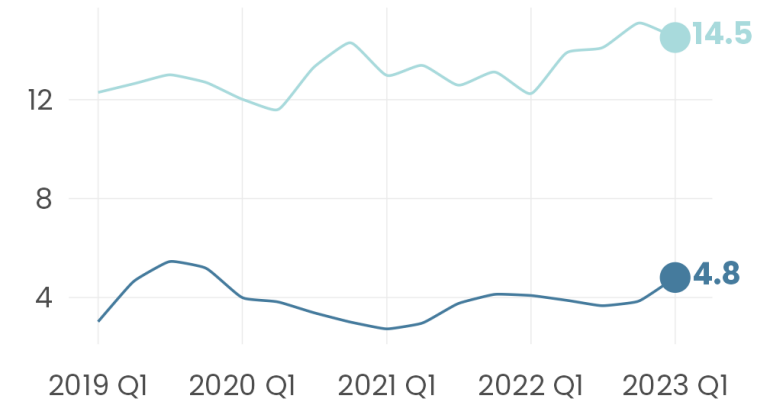
UNEMPLOYMENT TRENDS

number of **long term**, **medium term** and **short term** persons ('000s)

4.6

2019 Q1   2020 Q1   2021 Q1   2022 Q1   2023 Q1
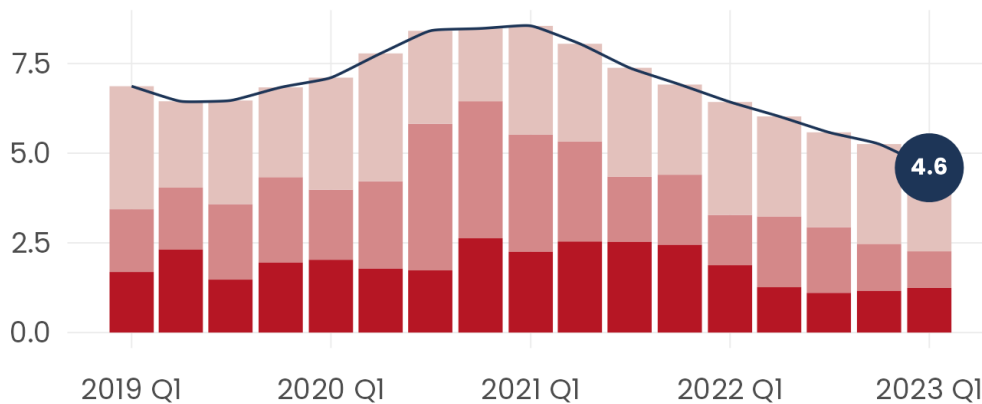
DID YOU KNOW? ⓘ

The largest employing industries in Australia are Health Care and Social Assistance, Retail Trade and Construction. The smallest are Rental, Hiring and Real Estate Services and Mining.

BENCHMARKS

These distribution charts show the **year on year growth rate of LGAs from across Australia** for three data series from the Labour Force Report. The dotted line shows where in each of the distributions your region falls. The tables below the charts list the data for five comparable regions.
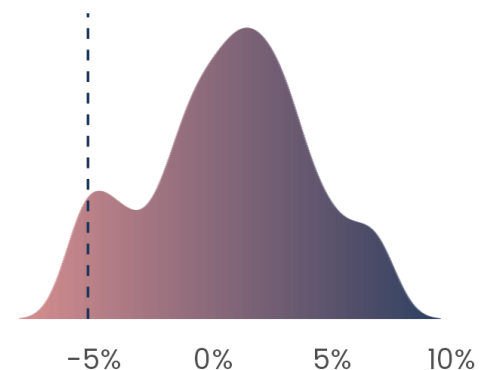
EMPLOYMENT GROWTH

Onkaparinga

-5%   0%   5%   10%
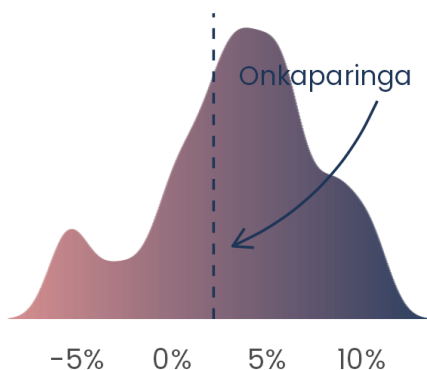
Mitcham	0.95 %
Marion	1.65 %
Onkaparinga	**2.20 %**
Alexandrina	2.84 %
Adelaide Hills	6.09 %
Mount Barker	6.42 %

UNEMPLOYMENT GROWTH

-50%   -25%   0%   25%   50%
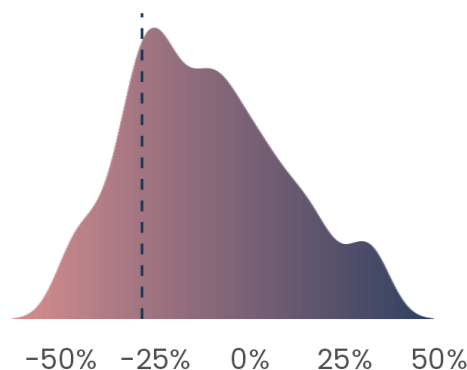
Mitcham	-33.91 %
Marion	-29.01 %
Onkaparinga	**-28.52 %**
Adelaide Hills	-23.25 %
Mount Barker	-18.14 %
Alexandrina	10.84 %

AVERAGE HOURS GROWTH

-5%   0%   5%   10%

Marion	-5.11 %
Onkaparinga	**-5.07 %**
Mitcham	-5.04 %
Mount Barker	-4.70 %
Adelaide Hills	-4.35 %
Alexandrina	1.72 %

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DATA TABLES

	2022 Q1	2022 Q2	2022 Q3	2022 Q4	2023 Q1	Growth	
						QOQ%	YOY%
Headline							
Employed	86,620	86,501	86,709	87,250	88,529	1.47	2.20
Average hours worked	32.33	31.85	31.61	31.14	30.69	-1.45	-5.07
Unemployed	6,427	6,025	5,582	5,254	4,594	-12.56	-28.52
Unemployment rate*	6.91	6.51	6.05	5.68	4.93	-0.75	-1.98
Participation rate*	64.12	63.64	63.35	63.37	63.69	0.32	-0.43
Labour force	93,047	92,526	92,291	92,504	93,123	0.67	0.08
Females							
Employed	43,349	42,769	42,436	41,726	43,328	3.84	-0.05
Average hours worked	28.49	27.98	27.60	26.99	26.89	-0.37	-5.62
Unemployed	2,916	3,478	3,294	3,309	2,226	-32.73	-23.66
Unemployment rate*	6.30	7.52	7.20	7.35	4.89	-2.46	-1.41
Participation rate*	61.76	61.62	60.81	59.76	60.34	0.58	-1.42
Labour force	46,265	46,248	45,730	45,035	45,554	1.15	-1.54
Males							
Employed	43,271	43,732	44,273	45,524	45,201	-0.71	4.46
Average hours worked	36.18	35.63	35.44	34.94	34.33	-1.75	-5.11
Unemployed	3,511	2,547	2,288	1,945	2,368	21.75	-32.55
Unemployment rate*	7.50	5.50	4.91	4.10	4.98	0.88	-2.52
Participation rate*	66.63	65.79	66.06	67.22	67.26	0.04	0.63
Labour force	46,782	46,278	46,561	47,469	47,569	0.21	1.68
Youth							
Employed	12,251	13,893	14,107	15,098	14,513	-3.87	18.46
Unemployed	2,076	1,744	2,178	2,334	1,620	-30.59	-21.97
Unemployment rate*	14.49	11.15	13.37	13.39	10.04	-3.35	-4.45
Participation rate*	70.44	77.24	80.80	86.89	80.73	-6.16	10.29
Labour force	14,327	15,637	16,285	17,432	16,133	-7.45	12.61
Employment by industry							
Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing	911	984	1,085	1,069	1,073	0.37	17.78
Mining	952	1,001	na	na	na	NA	NA
Manufacturing	6,403	6,509	6,573	6,570	6,497	-1.11	1.47
Electricity, Gas, Water and Waste Services	1,282	1,270	1,295	1,276	1,295	1.49	1.01
Construction	9,810	9,922	9,934	10,101	9,842	-2.56	0.33
Wholesale Trade	2,039	2,066	1,860	1,828	1,836	0.44	-9.96
Retail Trade	9,495	9,595	9,836	9,892	9,945	0.54	4.74
Accommodation and Food Services	5,023	5,177	5,244	5,581	5,871	5.20	16.88
Transport, Postal and Warehousing	3,059	3,060	3,157	3,181	3,233	1.63	5.69
Information Media and Telecommunications	895	855	854	830	856	3.13	-4.36
Financial and Insurance Services	2,647	2,631	2,703	2,742	2,842	3.65	7.37
Rental, Hiring and Real Estate Services	1,004	953	924	936	957	2.24	-4.68
Professional, Scientific and Technical Services	4,368	4,246	4,293	4,269	4,351	1.92	-0.39
Administrative and Support Services	3,861	3,869	3,858	3,865	3,984	3.08	3.19
Public Administration and Safety	5,958	5,681	5,548	5,522	5,667	2.63	-4.88
Education and Training	7,683	7,543	7,376	7,325	7,512	2.55	-2.23
Health Care and Social Assistance	16,149	16,161	16,109	16,013	16,438	2.65	1.79
Arts and Recreation Services	1,172	1,145	1,125	1,076	1,049	-2.51	-10.49
Other Services	3,911	3,833	3,931	4,129	4,251	2.95	8.69

na - not available, * change in ppts

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MORE INFORMATION

DATA AVAILABLE

Series	Breakdown
Number of employed persons	Sex, Age, Industry, Full-time/Part-time
Number of unemployed persons	Sex, Age, Duration
Number of people in labour force	Sex, Age
Number of people not in labour force	Sex, Age
Participation rate	Sex, Age
Number of hours worked	Sex, Industry, Full-time/Part-time
Average hours worked	Sex, Industry, Full-time/Part-time

GLOSSARY

Average hours worked: The number of hours per week when paid employees were at the disposal of an employer. The average is taken across a cohort of workers – for example, an age bracket or location.

Comparable regions: The short list of comparable regions is determined using an algorithm that relies on a combination of proximity, demographic, and economic characteristics.

Employed: Any working-age person who worked one hour or more in the survey reference week. Employment is **not** a measure of the number of jobs, but rather the number of workers. Employment location is defined by the location of the workers' residence, not the location of their work *(see working-age)*.

Full-time: Any worker who is not classified as a part time worker.

Labour force: All of the working-age population who are in a paid job or who are looking for work. Some who are considered as 'not in the labour force' include people who are studying, in caring roles on a voluntary basis, retirees, or permanently unable to work.

Long term unemployment: Any working-age person who has been unemployed for 12 months or more.

Medium term unemployment: Any working-age person who has been unemployed for between 13 weeks and 12 months.

Part-time: Workers are defined as part time if they usually work less than 35 hours per week, and actually worked less than 35 hours in the survey reference week in all of their jobs.

Participation rate: The labour force as a percentage of the working-age population *(see working-age and labour force)*.

Quarter on quarter (QOQ): The comparison of one quarter with the preceding quarter, it is a helpful metric for understanding the latest movements in the data.

Quarterly notation: The notation is in calendar years terms. For example, 2020 Q4 relates to the three months of October, November and December 2020.

Retirement age: Any working-age person aged 65 years or older *(see working-age)*.

Short term unemployment: Any working-age person who has been unemployed for less than 13 weeks.

Unemployed: Any working-age person who was actively looking for work in the previous four weeks, was available to start work in the survey reference week and did not work more than one hour in the survey reference week *(see working-age)*.

Working-age: Australian residents aged 15 years and over.

Year on year (YOY): The comparison of one period with the same period from the previous year, it is a helpful metric for removing seasonal peaks and troughs.

Youth: Any working-age person between 15 and 24 years of age *(see working-age)*.

DATA SOURCES

National Skills Commission Small Area Labour Markets (SALM), ABS Quarterly Detailed Labour Force Survey, ABS Regional Population Growth, and REMPLAN analysis and modelling.

DATA QUALITY

The National Skills Commission SALM data and Labour Force Survey data is sample based and some volatility is evident from quarter-to-quarter. This volatility is reflected in REMPLAN's small area labour force analysis and modelling, the results of which are published in REMPLAN's Small Area Labour Force reports. It is advised to observe the direction of labour force trends, rather than relying on single point-in-time estimates only.

REMPLAN